# St. Mary's Hospital, Praed Street, London W2 1 NY <br> 01-725 1622 [Direct Line] <br> 01-725 6666[Main Switchboard] 

```
THE PRAED STREET CLINIC
Our Ref: DG/PG/E97133
10th January 1989
Dr Patel
25 Upper Tulse Hill
LONDON
SE24
Dear Dr Patel
Nicholas LEWIS DoB 10/9/44
21 Craster Road LONDON SW2
This man came to see me today complaining of persistent haemospermia. I note he has been told he has optic neuritis problems by Moorfields. and that I found a left sided sensory dericit about a year ago. It sounds suspicious: like MS particularly as his left optic disc looks pale. Otherwise there are no abnormal signs.
I have ordered various investigations for the haematospermia, including CXR, EMU and semen analysis for \(A F B\) and will let you know the results as soon as I have them.
Yours sincerely
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Dr David Goldmeier
Consultant Venereologist
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Bancroft Road, London E1 4DG Telephone 01-377 7000 Ext 4072

DL YY/388675
30 th January, 1989.

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Dr.: David Rampton,
Consultant Physician,
Gastrointestinal Science Unit,
Ashfield Street,
London Hospital.
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Dear David,
re: Mr. Nicholas LEWIS, dob 10.9.44.
21 Crester Road, London, SW2.

I recently reviewed this patient, who has been attending The London Hospital during the past twenty-one years, since he was diagnosed as having eosinophilic enteritis by Alan Parks at laparotomy in 1968. Nine years previously a laparotomy was done when he was at school at Rugby, and a presumptive diagnosis of Crohn's disease was made, and he subsequently had steroid treatment because of recurrent small bowel obstructive episodes. The true nature of the disturbance became apparent when he came to The London and was found to have infiltration with eosinophils in the gastrointestinal tract and mesenteric nodes, as well as eosinophilia of $21 \%$.

He was known over many years to John Wright, and I have been following him since his retirement. He tends to get obstructive symptoms again if he is not maintained on an adequate dose of Prednisolone (the maintenance dose at present, which seems satisfactory, is 5 mgm daily).

He has other nedical problems, which include recurrent genitel herpes, and for this he is under Dr. Goldmeier in the Praed Street Clinic. - He also had a transient neurological episode with some motor and sensory impairment on the left side a few months ago. This did not inconvenience him much and he made a complete recovery. Quite recently he has had an eplsode of impaired vision in the left eye, for which he has attended Professor David Hill at Moorfields, and I gather it is likely that he has had some optic neuritis. I do not think anyone has broached the likelihood of these beins early episodes in multiple sclerosis.

He is a very pleasant individual who does not make a fuss. At one tine he had a personal connection with The London, as he was the son-in-law of Leonard Eastern, formerly on the staff as consultant Eynaecologist but now retired. Leonard Eastern I think keeps friendly contact with him, although he is no longer married to his daughter.

Michael Glynn met Nicholas Levis and carried out colonoscopy some time ago, but he has been followed so long at Whitechapel that I

The Tower Hamlets Health Authority
thought it would be easiest if he came under your care.
With many thanks,
Yours sincerely,

D.D. GIBBS $\quad$ - DM., F.R.C.P.,

Consultant Physician.
c.c.

Dr. Patel,
21 Upper Tulsa Hill Road, SW.

# N JORFIELDS EYE HOSPITAL <br> Patron: Her Majesty The Queen 



# THE BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL AND THE MAUDSLEY HOSPITAL <br> SPECIAL HEALTH AUTHORITY 

Please Reply to:
King's College Hospital
Telephone: 071-703 6333
Department of Psychiatry
Facsimile: 071-703 0179
Denmark Hill, London S
Tel: 071326 3181/3544
Fax: 0713263445
DM.TT. 923600
1 October 1992
Dr Wilkie
22 Raleigh Gardens
London SW2


Dear Dr Wilkie,
Nicholas LEWIS - dob 10.9.44
21 Craster Road, SW2 2AT
You referred this 48 year old man to me in January of this year. I have only just completed my assessment on him after seeing him on three occasions. It has taken this length of time for a number of reasons, but largely because he delayed in returning his questionnaire and then unfortunately it got lost in the post. He seemed relatively unconcerned about the length of time it had taken to get an appointment which seemed rather characteristic of the passive style with which he deals with his difficulties. The things he complained of to me were those very much as detailed in your original letter, that is, of low mood particularly characterised by loss of energy and a lack of confidence in himself. Also of feelings of anxiety particularly in relation to his concerns about whether his relationship with his girlfriend will last and specifically about sexual difficulties where he worried that his failure to ejaculate might hasten the end of the relationship because of his girlfriend's dissatisfaction. What I was most struck by in my first contact with him was his tendency to minimise the very real reasons why he might be feeling unhappy, that is of course the onset of his MS and the uncertainties about his future that that brings, and also the conflict aroused by the fact that he knows that his girlfriend, much younger than himself, may well be better offleaving him to find a younger and healthier partner though undoubtedly leaving him bereft. I think that there was a hope that psychotherapy might bring a feeling of wellbeing without confronting these very painful realities. Though accepting these issues to some extent at an intellectual level he tends to avoid situations where the full force of his feelings about it might be exposed. At one point there was a discussion as to whether this might be part of the reason for his sexual difficulties in that he can't let himself go because of the pent up feelings of grief and anxiety that he is attempting to control. It became very apparent in a general sense that with his girlfriend he is passive and avoidant of all situations that might bring about some clarification and resolution of these issues, so they discuss neither his illness nor their future together in anything more than the most cursory fashion. Even before these current dilemmas it seems that Mr Lewis has always dealt with difficult emotional situations by a passive avoidant stance. This occurred during the breakdown of his marriage where he allowed this to deteriorate and for his wife to drift away from him without any discussion or contd.....


Nicholas Lewis contd. 2
attempt to save the marriage. He now deeply regrets this. I did gain the impression during the meetings that we had that Mr Lewis was prepared to face some of his more problematic feelings so that we reached an agreement that he would like to have weekly psychotherapy offered here by another therapist for a period of 6-9 months. At the end of this time you will receive a report on his progress.

Yours sincerely,


Dr Duncan McLean
Consultant Psychotherapist


THE ROYAL HOSPITALS NHSTRUST

## THE ROYAL LONDON HOSPITAL

 Department of NeurologyTel: 0713777000
Direct Line: 0713777472
Fax: 0713777008

JB/ls/388675
29 April 1994
Dr. E. Wilkes,
22 Raleigh Gardens, LONDON SW2 1AE

Dear Dr. Wilkes,
NICHOLAS LEWIS, dob 10.9.44.
21 Creste Road, London, SW2
This man's MRI brain showed widespread areas of disseminated demyelination. Clinically, he has slowly deteriorated, in particular his coordination and gait is worse than it was. He is concerned that his disease is changing from a relapsing, remitting one to a progressive deterioration and this may be true. He is still on Prednisolone 5 mg . a day for his eosinophilic enteritis.

On examination there are no definite changes in his cranial nerves or limbs although his gait is clearly more ataxic than before. I feel that he ought to come in for a trial of IV steroids but he does not want to at the moment and it is, of course, his decision. He would like to see Dr. Dick next time so I will arrange this.



THE ROYAL LONDON HOSPITAL

THE ROYAL
HOSPITALS NBS TRUST

Telephone: 071-377 7421
Facsimile: 071-377 7008

21st July 1994

Dear Dr Wilkie
NICHOLAS LEWIS (10.9.44)
21 Creste Road, London SW2
I reviewed this man with multiple sclerosis who has probably entered the secondary progressive phase over the last few years and who now requires a stick for walking. His gait is on a slightly broad base and he notices ankle clonus when he is tired. He uses his arms to rise from a chair though can pick objects off the floor. He finds his balance is considerably better when riding a bicycle than when walking, but only falls rarely. Occasional nocturia is managed with Tetrahydrocanabinoids which he also finds useful for fatigue. He is involved in editing a metropolitan newspaper "Disability News" and we had a long discussion today concerning the emerging immunological therapies such as beta interferon. He will be reviewed in this clinic in 6 months' time.

Yours sincerely


Jeremy Dick PhD MRCP
Consultant Neurologist

Dr Dudley Bennett
Brixton Hill Croup Practice
Dr Barbara Wesby
Dr Michaela Whyte-Venables
22 Raleigh Gardens

Dr Clare Wilkie Briton Hill

Dr Richard Williams
London, SW 2 1AE
0181-674-6376

Dr Griffin
18 December 1995
Sexual Problems Clinic
Family Planning and Well Woman Services
King's College Hospital
Denmark Hill
LONDON SE 5 9RS
LONDON SET

Dear Dr Griffin
Nicholas LEWIS dob 10.9.44
21 Crater Road London SW2 2AT
I shall be most grateful if this patient, and possibly his partner, can be offered an appointment in your clinic. Mr Lewis' problem at the moment is that he is able to have intercourse but then feels unready physically or psychologically to repeat this for at least a few days. This is causing him some degree of distress and he would like to seek your advice.

Mr Lewis has multiple sclerosis but is still well able to walk with a stick. He does get extremely tired however. Other medical history includes; genital herpes, eosinophilic enteritis,

Around 1991 there was a degree of difficulty in the relationship between Mr Lewis and his partner. At that time she was living abroad and it was unclear what the status of the relationship was. However they have now been living together since at least 1993. She became pregnant after trying for some time in 1994 but was unhappily found to have an unviable foetus. The couple have been under the care of Dr Curson in the fertility clinic since spring 1995. They are well aware of the importance of intercourse at the time of ovulation and I understand have also been performing insemination around that time. There is therefore some degree of pressure on Mr Lewis to have intercourse at the appropriate times. The problem outlined in my initial paragraph means therefore that it is sometimes only possible to have one attempt at conception per month.

I think that Mr Lewis' problems may well be a combination of the organic factors, principally the neurological problems associated with his MS, and psychological ones including anxiety about the prospect of fatherhood with his disease. There may also be the element of being required to have intercourse "on demand".

I shall therefore be most grateful for any help you can offer this patient. He is of course aware that you may well wish to see them together.

Thank you very much for any help you can offer this couple. With all good wishes.
Yours sincerely

CH/bb

19th February 1998

Dr Kerr
Valley Road Clinic
Valley Road
London SW16


HEALTHCARE

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { King's Healtheare NHS Trust } \\
\text { King's College Hospital } \\
\text { Denmark Hill, London, SE5 9RS } \\
\text { Telephone: or 71-737 4000 } \\
\text { Facsimile: or } 71-3463445
\end{array}
$$

Dear Dr Kerr
Direct telephone line
Re: Nick Lewis (10.09.44)
27 Harbough Road, Streatham SW16 2XP
Since my last report of April 1997 Nick has continued with bursts of physiotherapy input.

## Main physical problems continue to be:

1. Low tone - especially around his truck and pelvis which makes him unstable.
2. Decreased selective movement around his left foot which makes clearing his foot when walking long distances difficult.
3. Poor gait pattern. Nick can now only manage about 100 yards outside.
4. Decreased sensation left lower limb.
5. Fatigue.

Treatment has concentrated on trying to improve Nick's stability and walking pattern. Nick's walking has deteriorated slightly over the last few months and he now uses 2 sticks when walking outside. I also ordered Nick a wheelchair for longer distances outside which he finds helpful. The orthotists have had to adjust Nick's splint for his left ankle several times. He wears the splint sometimes when walking longer distances.

Nick has been taught a home exercise programme. We plan to see Nick for a few more treatments and then review him again in a corple of months.

If you have any further queries please do not hesitate to contact us.
Yours sincerely

## Carol Hopkins



Senior Physiotherapist
Rehab Gym


THE NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR NEUROLOGY AND NEUROSURGERY

## RK/BC/B78059

$1^{\text {st }}$ July 1999
(Clinic $25^{\text {th }}$ June 1999)

Dr A. M. Kerr
Valley Road Surgery
139 Valley Road
London SW16 2XT

Dear Dr Kerr,

E6 JUL 1999


RE: Nicholas LEWIS, d.o.b. 10.09.44
27 Harborough Road, London SW16 2XP
I saw Mr Lewis again today. Unfortunately, his condition has worsened to the extent that he can walk only around fifty yards with the help of two sticks.

There is difficulty with the use of Interferon in that its possible prescription has now been referred to the National Institute of Clinical Excellence for a decision about funding. I have discussed this with Mr Lewis and we are going to meet again at the end of the year by which time I hope the situation will be clearer. In the meantime, I will place his name on the list of patients with secondary progressive MS for whom funding will be sought when appropriate.

With kind regards.
Yours sincerely,


Dr R. Kapoor
Consultant Neurologist


## The University College London Hospitals

University College London Hospitals is an NHS Trust incorporating The Eastman I ental Hospital. The Hospital for
Tropical Discases. The Middlesex Hospital. The National Hospital for Neurology \& Neurosurgery, The United Elizabeth

- 5 思 2 299


## RK/BC/B78059

$31^{\text {st }}$ May 2000
(Clinic $26^{\text {th }}$ May 2000)
Dr A. M. Kerr
Valley Road Surgery
139 Valley Road
London SW16 2XT


## Dear Dr Kerr,

RE: Nicholas LEWIS, d.o.b. 10.09.44
27 Harborough Road, London SW 16 2XP
I saw Mr Lewis again today and was sorry to learn that his mobility had deteriorated quite suddenly after flying to Australia in April. His urinary frequency has also deteriorated. He has tried taking Oxybutynin without help and is now taking an alternative preparation which does appear to be more beneficial.

I was pleased to learn that he is going to be visited by the MS Nurse shortly and that his bladder problems would then be discussed. I have checked an MSU today and, provided this does not show any infection, I think it might be helpful to provide a short course of Prednisolone ( 60 mg . a day for a week and then tapering over the second week, cutting the dose by 10 mg . each day, until he is back to his baseline dose of 5 mg . daily for his bowel problems).

Unfortunately, the recent North American trial of Beta Interferon suggests that there is no benefit conferred by the treatment and that this might apply particularly to those patients who have a gradual progression without significant or frequent superimposed relapses. I have discussed this disappointing news with Mr Lewis but, as NICE will be delivering its recommendations in July, we are going to meet again shortly after this as already planned.

With kind regards.
Yours sincerely,


Dr R. Kapoor
Consultant Neurologist



The University College London Hospitals
University College London Hospitals is an NHS Trust incorporating The Eastman Dental Hospital. The Hospital for Tropical Diseases, The Middlesex Hospital. The National Hospital for Neurology \& Neurosurgery. The United Elizabeth


# Community Health South London IIIS 

NHS Trust
Reference:SU2/HA1
Date of Clinic:16.08.00
Date:17 August 2000

Continence Advisory Service<br>Judy Haken - Continence Adviser/Manager<br>Su Foxley - Continence Adviser<br>St. Giles, St. Giles Road<br>London SE5 7RN<br>Tel: 02077713370<br>Fax: 02077713366

Dr. Hayes
139 Valley Road
London SW 16

Dear Dr. Hayes,
Re: Mr. Nicholas Lewis, di.o.b. 10.09.44
27 Harborough Road, SW16

I reviewed this gentleman today on behalf of the Continence Advisory Service at the Paxton Green Health Centre Continence Clinic.

I carried out a repeat bladder scan, but unfortunately today he was unable to void having voided 15 minutes prior to seeing him clinic.

His bladder volume was 183 mls . He tells that he has stopped the Tolterodine and actually finds that his symptoms have improved.

Would it be possible to teach this gentleman clean intermittent self-catheterization. I feel that he needs to do it twice a day, a.m. and p.m. to ensure that his bladder empties to completion.

His main problem currently is his nocturia.
Many thanks for your consideration in this matter.
Yours sincerely,


Continence Adviser
cc. District Nurse

Gina Roberts
139 Valley Road
London SW16

# LYNDEN HILL CLINIC © 



## Re: Mr Nicholas Lewis - dob 10.9.44

- 27 Harborough, London SW16 2XP

Mr Lewis was admitted to Lynden Hill Clinic on $4^{\text {th }}$ March 2001 for hydrotherapy and physiotherapy to strengthen his muscles, following a fractured right femur in September.

During his stay here, Mr Lewis progressed extremely well and felt much stronger when he was discharged on $11^{\text {th }}$ March 2001.


Resident Medical Officer.
Copy: Dr Thomas - Kings College Hospital

# King's College Hospital W/HS 

## FRACTURE CLINIC - MR DANIEL RAJAN

| Secretary: | $020-7737$ | 4000 | extension 2637 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Appointments: | $020-7346$ | 3114 |  |
| Waiting list queries: | $020-7346$ | 3303 |  |
| Fracture Clinic: | $020-7346$ | 3236 | Fax no: |
|  |  | $020-73463497$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Date: 2 May, 2001
(Clinic date: 30.04 .2001 )
14 MAY 2001
Dr J Hayes
Valley Road Surgery
139 Valley Road
London SW16 2XT

Dear Dr Hayes,

## Ref: Mr Nicholas LEWIS <br> 27 Harborough Road, Streatham, London, SW16 2XP



Diagnosis:
Long oblique trochanteric fracture right femur
Date of Injury:
16.09 .2000

Mechanism of Injury:
Tripped over a walking stick
Action taken:
I reviewed this man in the clinic today. His right femoral fracture seems to have healed. I have advised him to continue to mobilise. He is comfortable.

Follow-up:
Discharged, told to see us again should he have any problems.
Yours sincerely,


Mr Andreas REHM
Specialist Registrar in Orthopaedic Surgery
Copy to: Miss N. Cockett, Senior Physiotherapist, Lambeth Community Therapy Team, 41 A-C Streatham Hill, London, SW2 4TP


## Southwark W/HS

Primary Care Trust

MS Nursing Service<br>St Giles.Hospital St Giles Road<br>London<br>SE 5 7RN

Tel No: 02077713363
Fax No: 02077713354
$07^{\text {th }}$ November 2002

Dr. J Hayes
Valley Road Surgery,
i39, Vaiiey Road.
Streatham,
London
SW16 2XT
Dear Dr. Hayes
Re: Nick Lewis D.O.B. 10.09.1944
27, Harborough Road, Streatham, London SW16 2XP
I reviewed Nick at home today 07.11.2002. Overall he says he feels he is slightly weaker over the last six months.

Nick is mobilising with bilateral support indoors, wheelchair outdoors. Fine hand movements are limited affecting writing, tying laces and fastening buttons. Spasms are not a significant problem. Nick says he occasionally slurs his speech but has no swallowing problems.

Nick reports a history of repeated urinary tract infections. He has been self -catheterising in the evening only so we discussed the probability that he is retaining urine over any twentyfour hour period predisposing him to infection. He agreed to carry out self-catheterisation more regularly. He has his bowels open regularly about every third day.

Nick utilises prompts to help him over come short term memony problems. He tires during the day but does not rest, we discussed possible pacing strategies he may consider.

I'll continue to monitor Nick, if there are particular problems please contact me.

Yours sincerely

## frona

Fiona Barnes
MS Nurse Specialist\$
CC Dr. Kapoor Consultant Neurologist, National Hos;ita! for Neurology and Neurosurgery, Queen Square, London WC1N 3BG

# 23 SEP 2005 

Nick Lewis
7 Willows Edge
Eynsham
Oxford OX29 4QD
Tel: 01865731303
E-mail:
nick.lewis@readywillingable.nel
Dr Stevenson
Eynsham Medical Practice
Conduit La
Eynsham
Whitney OX29 4QB
Wednesday, September 21, 2005

## Dear Dr Stevenson

Have you seen reference to this clinical trial by my neurologist Dr Raj Kapoor?

I enclose a copy from the MS Society.
I hope we can discuss it when I visit you next week.
Regards


# MS Frontiers 2005 - Trials of neuroprotection in MS: present and future 

Dr Raj Kapoor from The National Hospital for Neurology and Neurosurgery, London, focused on clinical trials of neuroprotection in MS.

Until recently, it was thought that disability in MS was caused mainly by the gradual loss of the fatty insulating layer of myelin which surrounds nerve fibres (axons), and which allows them to conduct electrical signals. However, we now know that most of the permanent disability in MS occurs because the axons themselves degenerate.

Experience suggests that the current strategy of modifying the immune system may not be able by itself to prevent this axonal degeneration and consequent disability, and that we will need to develop a second strategy, called neuroprotection, to achieve this goal. In order to do so, we will need to identify and to inhibit the mechanisms by which axons are damaged.

Research work has already identified several such mechanisms. For example, our group has shown that axons may be flooded with toxic levels of sodium from the surrounding tissue fluid as a result of inflammation in MS, and that the resulting damage can be prevented by drugs which reduce the entry of sodium. As a result, we have been awarded a grant by the Multiple Sclerosis Society to carry out a clinical trial to test the neuroprotective effects of one of these sodium channel blocking drug, lamotrigine, in people with the secondary progressive form of MS. We will randomize people in the trial to receive treatment either with lamotrigine or with an identical placebo (i.e. dummy) tablet for two years.

Eynsham Medical Group
(Eynsham Medical Centre \& Long Hanborough Surgery)
Eynsham Medical Centre, Conduit Lane, Eynsham, Oxon OX29 4QB
Telephone: 01865881206 Fax: 01865881342
www.eynshammedicalgroup.org.uk

05/10/2004

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

## Dear Sir or Madam

Re: Mr Nicholas Lewis D.O.B. 10/09/1944 Tel: 01865731303 7 Willows Edge Eynsham, Witney OX29 4QD

This patient of mine is 60 . He has suffered from multiple sclerosis since $1988 . \mathrm{He}$ recently came to discuss with me the fact that he was struggling to work efficiently and effectively and that the conclusion was that it would be sensible for him in effect to take retirement on the grounds of ill health. I supported this plan.

The specific problems that he is having are as follows:

1. His mobility has deteriorated to the extent that he is now wheelchair bound.
2. He has MS bladder related problems which require him to self catheterise regularly.
3. He is suffering from the typical tiredness and lethargy that many multiple sclerosis patients suffer from.
4. As a consequence of using crutches and his upper limbs much more he has developed problems with tennis elbow and this is further impairing is independence.

All these factors make life much slower for him and daily self care a much more time consuming business. Talking to him in considerable detail it is therefore clear that it would be impracticable for him to continue full time work even if it were from his own home.

Yours sincerely

Dr P B O Stephenson

Dr R. KAPOOR

## CHARLES KINGSLEY SUITE

NORTHWICK PARK AND ST MARK'S NHS TRUST
WATFORD RD, HARROW, MIDDLESEX HAI BUJ
WCIN 3BG
TELEPHONE: 02088693390
CLEMENIINE CHURCHILL HOSPITAL
SUDBURY HILL. HARROW, MIDDLESEX HAI 3RX
TELEPHONE: 020 8:72 3872
$17^{\text {th }}$ June 2004

Dr. Stephenson,
The Eynsham Medical Centre, Conduit Lane,
Eynsham,
WTTNEY,
Oxford OX8 1QB.

Dear Dr. Stephenson,

## Re: Mr. Nicholas LEWIS 10.09 .44 7 Willows Edge, Evnsham, Witney, Oxford, OX29 40D

Mr. Lewis arranged to see me privately today just because he had missed his recent appointment in the NHS clinic at Queen Square. I am going to revert to NHS follow up from now on, however.

In the last year his MS has deteriorated and he now finds that he can walk only about 20 yards using two sticks whereas a year ago he could manage perhaps 100 yards. He is also catheterising more often. There have been two episodes of diarrhoea but I think these are largely due to overflow and he is going to reduce the amount of fibre in his diet to deal with this. Lastly he has quite nasty pain in the right elbow and to a lesser extent on the left. I am sure that this is caused by the pressure that he is applying to the elbow and this is partly because of the fact that he uses elbow crutches. I have asked him to have a word with his physiotherapist about this, and he is also going to ask about an elbow pad to use when sleeping and also when using his computer during the day.

We are going to meet again at the beginning of next year, but I wonder if you would let me know if there are further problems in the meantime.

With kind regards,
Yours sincerely,


Dr. Raj Kapoor
Consultant Neurologist

# $1 / 3$ <br> Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre <br> NHS 

NHS Trust

## Neurological Rehabilitation Service, Oxford Centre for Enablement, Windmill Road, Oxford OX3 7LD

Tel: 01865-737200 (reception)<br>Fax: 01865-227294 (reception)<br>Direct line: 01865-737306<br>Direct Fax: 01865-737309

AH/MW/4309480

$10^{\text {th }}$ June 2004
(04.06.2004)

Dr P B Stephenson
Eynsham Medical Group
Eynsham Medical Centre
Conduit Lane
Eynsham
Oxon. OX29 4QB
Dear Dr Stephenson,

## Re: Mr Nicholas LEWIS - b: 10.09.1944 <br> 7 Willows Edge Eynsham, Witney, OX29 4QD

Thank you very much for your letter referring this 59 -year-old right handed gentleman to the Oxford Centre for Enablement (OCE). I saw him on Professor Wade's behalf. Your letter of referral was the only documentary source of information I had on Mr Lewis' previous medical history and diagnosis. I have copied this letter to Dr Kapur, Consultant Neurologist, Queens Square, London for his information, also requesting copies of all letters relating to Mr Lewis' diagnosis and follow up. Mr Lewis moved down to the area about a year ago from south London and continues with annual visits to Dr Kapur. His diagnosis of multiple sclerosis is essentially secure and perhaps from an early relapsing remitting course, has now for several years, been in a secondary progressive phase. Clinically there has been some acceleration recently in his deterioration. Mr Lewis and his wife are obviously concerned with this deterioration in his mobility, fatigue and frequent lower urinary tract infections. He has been seen by Marie Law from the community rehabilitation service and gained benefit. He continues with an exercise programme at home. I have also referred him onto the physiotherapists and the occupational therapists here at the OCE. His mobility worsened significantly after a fall in 2000 when he sustained a fracture to his right femoral shaft. Further compromises have been made recently due a particularly persistent and painful right tennis elbow. I understand he has been referred on to Professor Carr for his opinion. With his permission I have sent a copy of this letter to Ms Jo Bartlett, MS Specialist Nurse. I have asked Mr Dykes at his next appointment with Professor Kapur to enquire if he could move his follow up down to Oxford. Should this be possible, a referral on to Dr Jackie Palace, Consultant Neurologist at the Radcliffe Infirmary would be in order. Both he and his wife were quite happy to keep in touch with us over the telephone and arrange a further outpatient appointment here, if and when necessary.

## Background

Mr Lewis was diagnosed to have optic neuritis in 1988. He could not tell me if this was in one or both eyes. Prionto this he had three discrete episodes of lower limb sensory symptoms starting as early as 1983. To segure a diagnosis he has had an MRI and visual evoked potentials done but cannot remember CSF Emink tions.

## 2. Re: Mr N Lewis.

By 1994 he was having some difficulty walking. By 1995 he had begun to use one stick and then two sticks to get around. After his fall and femoral fracture in 2000 he has required two elbow crutches and a wheelchair to use out doors. By 1998 he had noted bladder urgency followed by frequency. He currently self catheterises about three times a day, draining 500 mls to 600 mls each time. He has had at least three symptomatic urinary tract infections this year, indicated by an increasing urgency of micturition and a change in colour and odour of urine. He also mentions treatment for a fungal infection (?UTI ?groin). He has normal peri-anal sensation and is occasionally constipated. He has no erectile dysfunction.

You have ably summarised his past medical problems. I merely highlight an inflammatory condition of his small bowel, said to be an eosinophilic ileitis for which he is on long term steroids. He currently takes Prednisolone 5 mgs od. He is on appropriate anti osteoporotic treatment with Calcichew D3 forte, 2 tablets od and weekly Alendronate 70mg. He also had hyperthyroidism in 2000 with frank thyrotoxicosis in 2001, treated with Carbimazole, but ultimately with radioiodine ablation. He is on Thyroxine 100 micrograms od. His other problems of relevance include previous acute prostatitis in 1989 which was non recurrent and most recently a left epididymitis in April 2004.

He gives no history of hypertension, had never smoked, consumes very little alcohol and has maintained a stable weight. He has a borderline hypercholesterolaemia but takes Simvastatin for his multiple sclerosis based on some trial evidence conducted in America. He has no personal or family neurological history of note. He has a son and a daughter from a previous marriage and now Lewis, aged four with his current wife. They live in a house provided with ramps for access and a stairlift indoors. He previously worked in education until 1980, moved on to be a political journalist, was an editor in greater London and has most recently published a recruitment bulletin called 'Ready, Willing, Able'. He is due to retire in a few months time. He has travelled widely, most recently on holiday to France.

## Current problems

1. Mr Lewis is concerned about the progression of his multiple sclerosis as he has slowed down considerably. He works at home but is soon to give this up, in order to find some time to look after himself! He can walk around the house and does so for exercise twice a day. He uses two crutches. He reports no falls.
2. He complains of fatigue, more so after physical exercise, but sometimes even without. He has been slightly more worried recently about the future, has been slightly less positive than usual and has tended to ignore obvious problems. He is not depressed but is concerned about the realities for the future.
3. His frequent urinary tract infections concern him and this may need further investigation.

## Recommendations

1. To continue with physiotherapy, keeping in touch with Marie Law, physiotherapist in the community and continuing an exercise programme at home. I have also referred him onto the physiotherapy and occupational therapists here at the OCE for their opinion.
2. He is also to see Professor Carr regarding his right elbow tendonitis.
3. I have referred him on to Ms Jo Bartlett, MS Specialist Nurse, who is on hand to advise him in several matters.
4. He may well require to be referred on to the neurologists here, should he and $\operatorname{Dr}$ Kapur decide that this is for the best.
5. He requires serial urine cultures and sensitivities to ascertain the exact offending organisms and prompt treatment. He would also benefit from an ultrasound examination of his kidney, ureters and bladder and may well require functional urodynamic studies. I would be grateful if you could pursue this with the department of ldrology. Alternatively, I would be happy to do so, but do let me know.

As indicated I have not made any formal follow up arrangements with Mr Lewis, but have left it to him and yourself to contact us should there be the need to do so. No doubt we will receive updates from yourself, Dr Kapur and from physiotherapy and occupational therapists. Do not hesitate to get in touch if you require any further clarification, information or need to make any comments on the above.

With kind regards
Yours sincerely,

## Copy:

Dr Kapur, Consultant Neurologist, National Hospital for Neurology and Neurosurgery, Queen Square, London. WC1N 3BG
Ms Jo Bartlett, MS Specialist Nurse, OCE
Physiotherapy, OCE
Occupational Therapy, OCE
Marie Law, Community Physiotherapist, Wallingford Community Hospital, Reading Road, Wallingford, OXIO 9DU
$\mathrm{Mr} N$ Lewis

# Cherwell Vale <br> NHS 

Primary Care Trust
Outpatient Physiotherapy Service Referral Form

| Name: NICHOLAS LEWIS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Title: MR | Male | GP Name: DR STEPHENSON |  |
| Address: (Block capitals or label) 7 WILLOWS EDGE, EYNSHAM, WITNEY, OXON <br> Postcode: OX29 4QD <br> Date of birth: 10/09/44 <br> NHS No: 4161091710 <br> Hospital Number: | Contact details: <br> Home:01865 731303 <br> Work: <br> Mobile: <br> Email: | Surgery: Telephone Signature: Date: 08 | sham Medical Group $1865881206$ |
| Reason for referral: (Including onset and severity of symptoms, loss of movement or power) <br> I would appreciate your opinion and help with this nice 59 year old man who suffers from MS. He came to see me at the beginning of October because of a few weeks history of pain in the right forearm which he thought might be related to using a computer mouse. There was no joint stiffness or restriction. On examination he located the extensor compartment of the forearm as the main site of the pain but there was nothing of note to find. At that point we elected to just and wait and see. He returned on 27 October the forearm was still painful and certain actions were clearly difficult. At that point he was tender over the extensor origin at the elbow and wrist extension was painful. I thought he probably had tennis elbow and prescribed some Diclofenac gel with a plan to review him and inject the area if it persisted. |  |  |  |
| He returned on 3 December. Rather surprisingly the very localised tender spot has gone. He still complains of pain in the extensor compartment of the forearm but also has pain and stiffness elsewhere in the upper limbs. On examination I thought all movements of his wrist, elbow and shoulder were slightly stiff and there was some slight tenderness over the medial epicondyle at the elbow. I have suggested he might like to try a short course of Ibuprofen and prescribed this for him. |  |  |  |
| He is right handed and describes that his right upper limb has always been very good in respect of not being affected by MS, but I suppose perhaps this is something we should consider. |  |  |  |
| He does have a physiotherapist in respect of his MS but when I asked him about his current condition he said he had discussed it with her and she had commented that she was really just a specialist in neuro-physio and would value another opinion if that were possible. Last week I certainly didn't think there was a case for steroid injection. I would value your assessment and advice on helping to improve the function in his right upper limb. With many thanks. |  |  |  |
| GP management/Plan |  |  |  |
| Information to assist prioritisation: |  |  | Comments: |
| 1. Has received physiotherapy for this problem alr <br> 2. Is pain disturbing this patient's sleep? <br> 3. Are they off work due to this problem? <br> 4. Are they a carer for a relative? |  | Yes/No <br> Yes/No <br> Yes/No <br> Yes/No |  |

